IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF WEST VIRGINIA AT BLUEFIELD

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

v. CRIMINAL NO. 1:13-00137-001

RICKEY DAVID COBURN, II

MEMORANDUM OPINION AND ORDER

In Bluefield, on January 21, 2020, came the defendant,
Rickey David Coburn, II, in person and by counsel, Michael R.
Whitt; came the United States by John L. File, Assistant United
States Attorney; and came Senior United States Probation Officer
Brett S. Taylor, for a hearing on the petition to revoke the
defendant's term of supervised release.

The court informed the defendant of the alleged violations contained in the petition to revoke the term of supervised release, filed on October 15, 2019. The court advised the defendant that, pursuant to Rule 32.1(b) of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure, he has the right to a hearing and assistance of counsel before his term of supervised release could be revoked. Whereupon the defendant admitted the conduct contained in the charges numbered Violations 1, 2, 3, and 4 in the petition. The court found those charges were established by a preponderance of the evidence.

Having heard arguments of counsel, the court found that the Guideline imprisonment range for the revocation of supervised

release upon such grounds was 8 to 14 months. The court further found that the Guideline ranges issued by the Sentencing Commission with respect to revocation of probation and supervised release are policy statements only and are not binding on the court. Thus, the court stated that the relevant statutory provision is 18 U.S.C. § 3583(e)(3), which provides a maximum term of imprisonment of 24 months. Neither party objected to the Guideline range and statutory penalty as determined by the court. The court found that there was sufficient information before the court on which to sentence defendant without updating the presentence investigation report.

After giving counsel for both parties and defendant an opportunity to speak regarding the matter of disposition, the court ORDERED, pursuant to the Sentencing Reform Act of 1984, that the defendant's term of supervised release be revoked, and he is to be incarcerated for a term of six (6) months. Upon completion of his term of incarceration, the defendant will not be subject to any further supervision by the United States Probation Office.

In considering the proper term of imprisonment to be imposed, the court considered the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a)(1), (a)(2)(B), (a)(2)(C), (a)(2)(D), (a)(4), (a)(5), (a)(6), and (a)(7), as well as the Chapter 7 policy statements

and concluded that the sentence imposed is an appropriate sanction for the defendant's breach of trust, taking into account the nature and circumstances of the offense and the history and characteristics of the defendant. The court varied downward from the Sentencing Guidelines range due to significant mitigating factors in this case, namely that the cause of defendant's violations is his drug addiction, and that incarceration above six months would be greater than needed to allow the defendant to reach sobriety and fight his addiction. Defendant had maintained gainful employment during the majority of his time on supervised release until his drug addiction worsened to the point that it cost him his job. The court found that, as defendant is his own worst enemy, overcoming his addiction is defendant's best chance for rehabilitation and becoming a law-abiding and productive citizen. The court further concluded that the six-month sentence imposed will provide adequate deterrence to criminal conduct and protect the public from further crimes of the defendant.

The defendant was informed of his right to appeal the court's findings and the revocation of his supervised release.

The defendant was further informed that in order to initiate such an appeal, a Notice of Appeal must be filed in this court within fourteen (14) days. The defendant was advised that if he

wishes to appeal and cannot afford to hire counsel to represent him on appeal, the court will appoint counsel for him. The defendant was further advised that if he so requests, the Clerk of court will prepare and file a notice of appeal on his behalf.

The defendant was remanded to the custody of the United States Marshals Service.

The Clerk is directed to forward a copy of this Memorandum Opinion and Order to counsel of record, the United States

Marshal for the Southern District of West Virginia, and the Probation Department of this court.

IT IS SO ORDERED this 23rd day of January, 2020.

ENTER:

David A Faber

Senior United States District Judge